Capital Programs Institute

Provider Number: 1005

2017 Accessibility Training

Course Number: CLA-AT-0917

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September 25, 2017 at UC Irvine September 28, 2017 at Oakland







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Learning Objectives

- Summarize the differences between the Americans with Disabilities Act and the California Building Code.
- Summarize the significant amendments to the 2016 California Building Code.
- Understand how to analyze and apply the 2016 California Building Code provisions during the plan review process.
- Understand Practice Standards for Certified Access Specialists.
- Understand how to analyze and apply the 2016 California Building Code provisions for Housing at a Place of Education.
- Find UC Office of the President Facilities Manual References to ADA + CBC.



University of California – Access Compliance Training



Facilities Manual References

Facilities Manual Volume 3, Chapter 4 4.1 CODE COMPLIANCE

4.1.3 State Agencies with Plan Approval Authority

Three state agencies have plan approval authority for code compliance for University projects. Construction documents and supporting data are submitted to these code enforcement agencies for final approval. . . . Agency reviews result in document approvals and the necessary permits for funding release (state-funded projects), bidding, and construction. Each Facility is responsible for meeting the code requirements of these agencies and to obtain the necessary project approvals from these enforcing agencies. The three agencies that perform plan review for University projects are:

Division of the State Architect, Access Compliance
Office of the State Fire Marshal
Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development

<u>Division of the State Architect, Access Compliance</u> **Each Campus is responsible for compliance with ADA requirements - DSA does not review for ADA.**

ADA vs CBC

What are the differences?

Titles of the ADA

Title I - Employment

Provides REASONABLE ACCOMMODATION FOR EMPLOYEES

Title II – Public Services

Requires ACCESS TO PROGRAMS AND SERVICES PROVIDED BY STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT

Title III – Public Accommodations

Requires ACCESS TO GOODS AND SERVICES IN PUBLIC ACCOMMODATIONS AND COMMERCIAL FACILITIES

Titles of the ADA

Title IV - Telecommunications

Provides for TELECOMMUNICATIONS RELAY SERVICES

Title V – Miscellaneous

Provides for PROHIBITION AGAINST RETALIATION AND COERCION

Title I of the ADA

Civil Rights Law Title I Employment

- Protects against discrimination in all employment practices, including: job application procedures, hiring, firing, training, pay, promotion, benefits, and leave.
- Protects against harassment because of a disability, and an employer may not fire or discipline a person for asserting their rights under the ADA.
- Most importantly, there is a right to request a reasonable accommodation for the hiring process and on the job.

ADA vs. CBC

Civil Rights Law Title II Public Entities

- CFR requires access to programs, services and activities when viewed in their entirety
- Requires self-evaluation and transition plan to provide program access
- Standards require access to new construction, and path-of-travel in alterations to primary function
- Standards based on use
- Enforced through civil litigation

Building Standards CCR Title 24 Part 2

- Barrier removal not required and no retroactive provisions for existing facilities
- Chapter 11B requires compliance to the standards for new construction, alterations, and path-of-travel to area of alteration
- Chapter 11B based on use, not occupancy
- Enforced by authority having jurisdiction
- A public entity may be its own jurisdictional entity and therefore, may provide self-enforcement to the building code

ADA vs. CBC

Civil Rights Law Title III Private Entities

- CFR requires access to goods and services
- CFR requires "readily achievable barrier removal" for facilities built before adoption of the guidelines
- Standards apply to facilities for new construction, and path-oftravel in alterations to primary function
- Standards based on use
- Some facilities exempted from compliance (Religious Facilities, Private Clubs)
- Enforced through civil litigation

Building Standards CCR Title 24 Part 2

- Barrier removal not required and no retroactive provisions for existing facilities
- Chapter 11B requires compliance to the standards for new construction, alterations, and path-of-travel to the area of alteration
- Chapter 11B based on use, not occupancy
- Regulates facilities that are exempted from ADA compliance (Religious Facilities, Private Clubs)
- Enforced by authority having jurisdiction

ADA vs. CBC

2010 ADA Standards

The 1991 Standards and the 2010 Standards apply to fixed or built-in elements of buildings, structures, site improvements, and pedestrian routes or vehicular ways located on a site.

Building Standards CCR Title 24 Part 2

The provisions Chapter 11B apply to work done on-site, at sidewalks, and at curb ramps and any appurtenances connected or attached to such buildings.....

Obligation Under the ADA

Accessible Equipment and Furniture



Goal of the US Department of Justice

Equipment and furniture used in programs and services, provided by State and local government entities and private entities that are considered to be places of public accommodation, are accessible to individuals with disabilities



Significant Amendments to Chapter 11B in the 2016 California Building Code

Facilities Manual References

Facilities Manual Volume 3, Chapter 4

4.1 CODE COMPLIANCE

4.1.3 State Agencies with Plan Approval Authority

<u>Division of the State Architect, Access Compliance</u>

When using Title 24, Chapter 11B, Section 1134B 202", Accessibility for Existing Buildings", to determine if a renovation project has a "valuation threshold" that triggers the disabled access "path of travel" requirements for existing buildings, use the sum of the costs listed on lines 0, 1, 2 and 4 in the Capital Improvement Budget (CIB) as the

"Total Construction Cost."

The concept of "disproportionate cost," or the "20% rule," only applies to existing buildings. *Improvements may not be split in to various projects to circumvent this threshold in a single year or over the preceding three years. The threshold shall be established based on the total cost of alteration to the area on the path of travel during the preceding three-year period (CBC 11B Section 202.4.8).*

Barrier Removal Projects



11B-202.4 Path of travel requirements in alterations, additions and structural repairs Exception 4.

- List of barrier removal items in Exception 4 is not all inclusive, other items not specifically listed may qualify for the exception.
- Added "including but not limited to..."



11B-202.4 Path of travel requirements in alterations, additions and structural repairs Exception 8.

 Addition of the words "as defined" after the term "adjusted construction cost to ensure code users are made aware of the related definition.



Adjusted Construction Cost – shall include all costs directly related to the construction of a project:

- Labor
- Material
- Equipment
- Services
- Utilities
- Contractor Overhead, financing and profit
- Construction management costs

Costs shall not be reduced by value of components not directly associated with access or usability



Adjusted Construction Cost – shall not include:

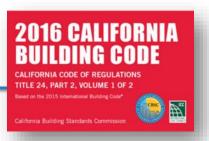
- Project management fees and expenses
- Architectural and engineering fees
- Testing and inspection fees
- Utility connection
- Service district fees

In addition, the adjusted cost of alterations, structural repairs or additions shall not include the cost of alterations to path of travel elements required to comply with Section 11B-202.4.



Example for determining the cost of compliance:

Adjusted Construction Cost	\$ 145,000.00
Maximum Cost of Compliance	\$ 145,000.00 x 0.20 = \$ 29,000.00
Project Construction Cost	\$ 145,000.00 + \$ 29,000.00 = \$ 174,000.00
Adjusted Construction Cost	\$ 145,000.00 remains under the valuation threshold



When *adjusted construction cost* > valuation threshold:

- Cost of full compliance for required POT elements is unlimited, or if
- Enforcing authority makes a finding, on a case-bycase basis, that full compliance would be an "Unreasonable Hardship", then
- Cost of partial compliance shall not be less than 20% of the adjusted construction cost.

11B-202.4 Exception 8



List of Priorities

- 1. An accessible entrance;
- 2. An accessible route to the altered area;
- 3. At least one accessible restroom for each sex or one accessible unisex (single-user or family) restroom;
- 4. Accessible telephones;
- 5. Accessible drinking fountains; and
- 6. When possible, additional accessible elements such as parking, signs, storage and alarms.

11B-202.4 Exception 8



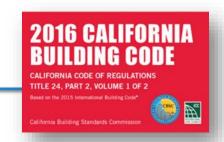
Executive Order B-16-2012

By 2015, California's major metropolitan areas will be able to accommodate ZEVs through planned infrastructure.

By 2020, California's ZEV infrastructure will be able to support up to 1 million vehicles.

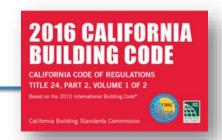
By 2025, 1.5 million ZEVs will be on California's roadways with easy access to infrastructure.





Chapter 2, Section 202 Definitions.

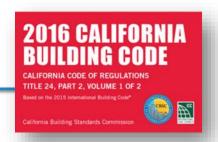
- Drive Up Electric Vehicle Charging Station
- Electric Vehicle (EV)
- Electric Vehicle (EV) Charger
- Electric Vehicle Charging Space (EV Space)
- Electric Vehicle Charging Station (EVCS)
- Electric Vehicle Connector (EV Connector)



Scoping sections provide for type and number required.

Section 11B-228.3 Electric Vehicle Charging Stations

- Section 11B-228.3.1.1 requires that when EVCS are installed accessible EVCS complying with Table 11B-228.3.1 shall be provided.
- Section 11B-208.1 clarifies that EVCS are not parking spaces



Two exceptions for providing accessible EVCS.

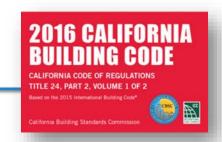
- EVCSs not available to general public (example: EVCS for public and private fleet vehicles) and intended for use by a designated vehicle or driver (example: EVCS assigned to an employee)
- In public housing facilities, EVCS for use by an EV owner or operator at their residence

However, a request for "reasonable accommodation" based on the ADA may apply.

Table 11B-228.3.2.1

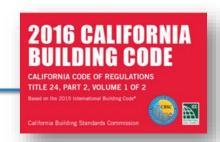
Total Number of EVCS at a Facility ¹	Minimum Number (by type) of EVCS Required to Comply with Section 11B- 812 ¹		
	Van Accessible	Standard Accessible	Ambulatory
1 to 4	1	0	0
5 to 25	1	1	0
26 to 50	1	1	1
51 to 75	1	2	2
76 to 100	1	3	3
101 and over	1, plus 1 for each 300, or fraction thereof, over 100	3, plus 1 for each 60, or fraction thereof, over 100	3, plus 1 for each 50, or fraction thereof, over 100

NOTES: 1. WHERE AN EV CHARGER CAN SIMULTANEOUSLY CHARGE MORE THAN ONE VEHICLE, THE NUMBER OF EVCS PROVIDED SHALL BE CONSIDERED EQUIVALENT TO THE NUMBER OF ELECTRIC VEHICLES THAT CAN BE SIMULTANEOUSLY CHARGED.



New Construction or Alterations:

- When new EVCS are added to more than one facility on a site with existing EVCS, total of new + existing used for scoping
- Technical provisions apply only to new EVCS; no requirement to retrofit existing EVCS unless they are altered
- Operable parts on all accessible new EVCS must comply with operable parts provisions in 11B-309.4

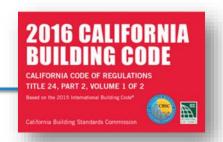


EV Charger requirements:

Operable parts and charging cord storage shall comply with requirements for:

- Clear floor space at EV charger.
- Reach range requirements.

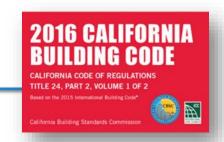
Point-of-sale devices must comply with the required accessibility features.



11B-309 Operable parts

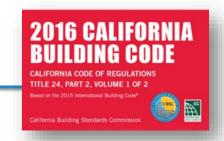
Exception to 5 lb. maximum operating force requirement for electric vehicle connectors, similar to exception for gasoline filler nozzles.





EV Charger location requirements:

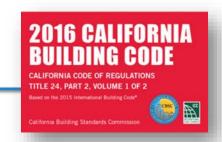
- Adjacent to, and within the projected width, of the EV space it serves (if EV charger has one EV connector).
- Within the combined projected width of the EV spaces it serves (if EV charger has multiple EV connectors).
- Where EV space is parallel to vehicular way, EV charger shall be adjacent to, and 48 " maximum from the head or foot end of the EV space it serves.



Scoping Provisions - Types

- Van accessible
- Standard accessible
- Ambulatory
- Drive-up



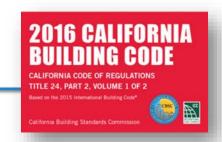


Technical sections provide for the location and how accessibility is achieved

Van Accessible EV Space

- 12 feet minimum width.
- 18 feet minimum length.
- Access aisle 5 foot minimum width, located on the passenger side with head-end parking, can be shared with another EVCS vehicle space.
- Surface marking 12" high letters "EV CHARGING ONLY".

11B-812.6.1

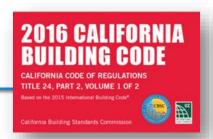


Standard Accessible EV Space

Similar to standard accessible parking space:

- 9 feet minimum width.
- 18 feet minimum length.
- Access aisle 5 foot minimum width, located on either side of space, can be shared with another EVCS vehicle space.
- Surface marking 12" high letters "EV CHARGING ONLY".

11B-812.6.1

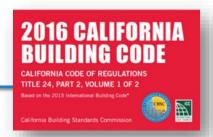


Ambulatory EV Space

No comparable requirement in accessible parking.

- 10 feet minimum width.
- 18 feet minimum length.
- No access aisle required.
- Surface marking 12" high letters "EV CHARGING ONLY".
- Additional width of space provides increased access for individuals with limited or temporary mobility challenges.

11B-812.6.1



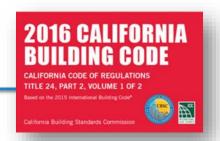
Drive-Up EVCS

Analogous to motor fuel pump island at filling stations.

- 17 feet minimum width.
- 18 feet minimum length.
- No access aisle required.
- Accessible route required from electric vehicle charging station to facility entrance or site arrival point.

11B-812.6.1



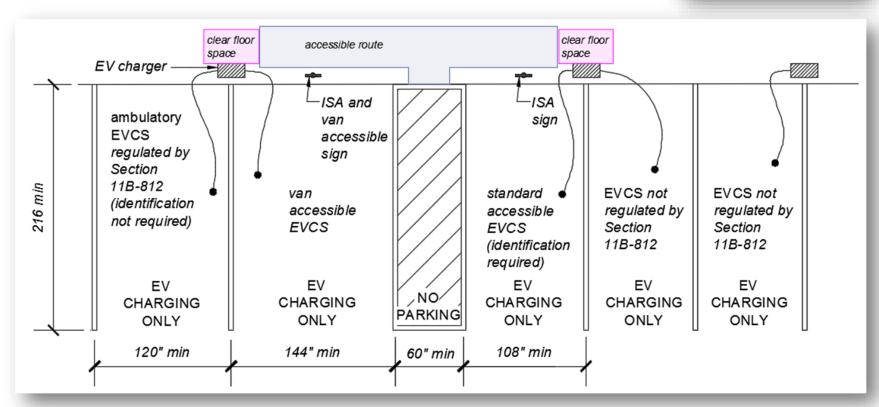


Accessible route requirements

- An accessible route shall be provided connecting the EV space to the EV charger that serves it.
- EVCS shall be designed so accessible routes are not obstructed by cable or other elements.
- EVCS that serve a particular building or facility shall be located on an accessible route to an accessible entrance.
- Where EVCS do not serve a particular building or facility, EVCS shall be located on an accessible route to an accessible pedestrian entrance of the EV charging facility.

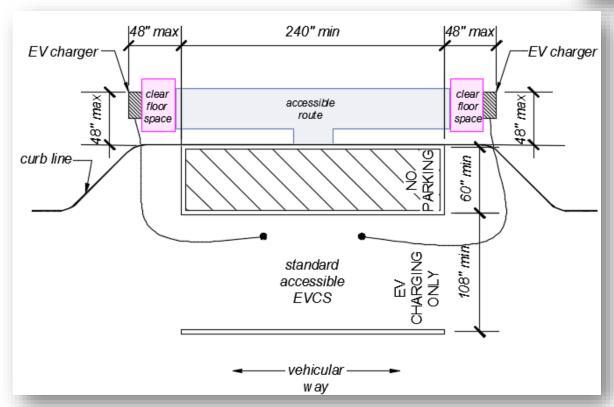
11B-812.6.4





Where 26 EVCS provided: two accessible EV spaces required

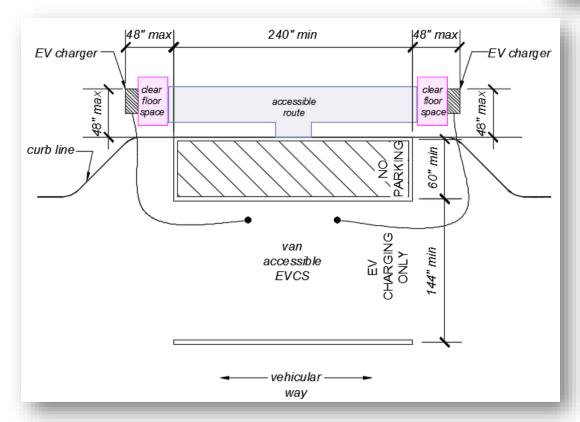




Optional locations for EV Chargers – Either head or foot end of space.

Standard Accessible EVCS Parallel to Vehicular Way





Optional locations for EV Chargers – Either head or foot end of space.

Van Accessible EVCS Parallel to Vehicular Way

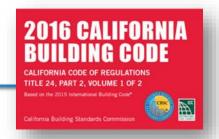


Identification for Accessibility

Installation of 1 to 4 EVCS

- No identification signs required.
- Space is designed for accessibility, use available to everyone, not limited to those with disabled person parking placards or license plates.





Identification for Accessibility

Installation of 26 or more EVCS

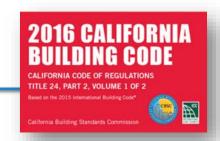
 All required van accessible and standard accessible EV spaces shall be identified by an ISA.

Ambulatory EVCS and Drive-up EVCS

Not required to be identified by an ISA

When properly signed per local ordinance, EVCS charging time limits apply to all users.





Scoping Provisions – Path of Travel

Alterations solely for the purpose of adding EVCS at facilities where vehicle fueling, recharging, parking or storage is **NOT** a primary function:

 Compliance with 11B-202.4 for POT upgrades not required

EVCS installations at facilities where vehicle fueling, recharging, parking or storage is a primary function:

 Cost of compliance for required POT elements is limited to 20% of the adjusted construction cost.

Geometric Symbols

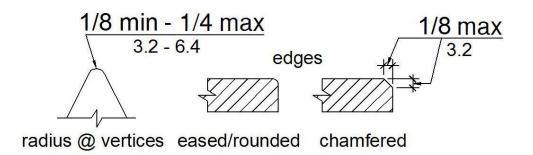


11B-216.8.1 Geometric symbols.

 Exception for locations where geometric symbols are not required; including but not limited to; patient sleeping rooms, transient lodging guest rooms, and residential dwelling units.

11B-703.7.2.6 Toilet and bathing facilities geometric symbols.

Provides detailed technical requirements for geometric symbols.



All-Gender Single User Toilet Room Identification

Health and Safety Code Section 118600 requires:

All single-user toilet facilities in any –

- Business Establishment
- Place of Public Accommodation
- State or Local Government Agency

Shall be identified as all-gender toilet facilities by signage complying with Title 24, California Code of Regulations.

Toilet room designated for use by no more than one occupant at a time or family or assisted use.

Effective date March 1, 2017

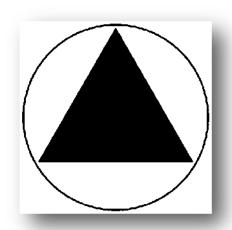
All-Gender Single User Toilet Room Identification

SIGNAGE PROVISIONS IN CHAPTER 11B OF THE CBC:

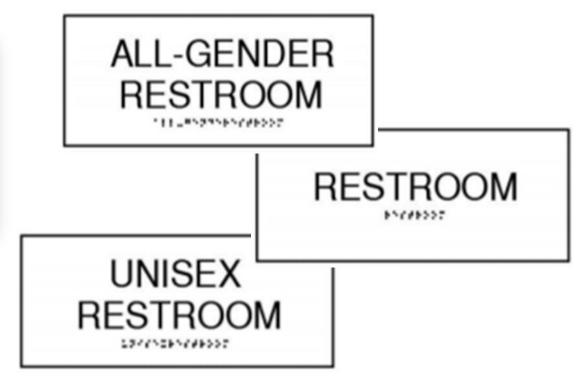
- Geometric symbols are required at entrances to toilet and bathing rooms.
- The "Unisex" symbol signifies toilet and bathing rooms available for use by all individuals.
- Pictograms, text and braille are not required on the geometric symbol. If provided would conflict with code.
- Wall-mounted designation signs are not required but if provided must comply with the sign provisions.

All-Gender Single User Toilet Room Identification

Geometric Symbol, Code Required



Acceptable Examples Designation Signs, not required by code



Facilities Manual References

Project Programmatic Guidelines

RD4.1 Providing Gender Inclusive Facilities 1.1 University Administration

4.1.3 Guidelines and Compliance

Campuses and other UC locations (e.g. Medical Centers, Laboratories, Agriculture and Natural Resources (ANR), or Natural Reserve System (NRS), etc.). A due date for completion of initial tasks is noted after each task, where applicable:

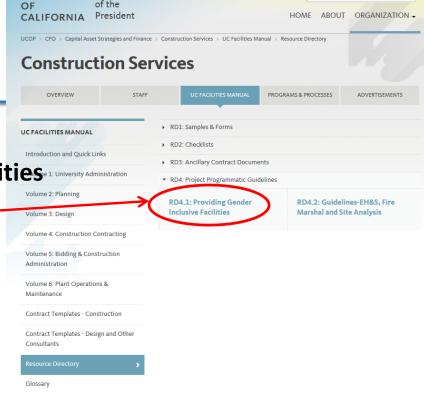
- CAMPUS PROCESS: November 1, 2015.
- INITIAL AUDIT: November 1, 2015.
- CONVERT EXISTING FACILITIES:

Convert existing single-occupancy or single-stall restrooms in all UC-owned buildings from gender-specific to gender inclusive facilities with privacy and security as noted in the definitions. **March 1, 2016.**

UNIVERSITY

- NEW CONSTRUCTION or RENOVATION: on or after July 1, 2015, provide at least one gender inclusive restroom on each floor where restrooms are required or provided in a building.
- **RESTROOM RENOVATION:** When extensive renovations are made to existing restrooms (exceeds 50% of the restroom replacement cost) or when extensive renovations are made to one of more floors on an existing building that do not already have at least one gender inclusive restroom, **the project shall provide a gender inclusive restroom in the same building.**
- HARDSHIP: Process

UC aims to implement best practices for gender inclusive facilities.



Jobs People

Time to take a break!



Plan Review for Accessibility

Accessible Route vs. Path of Travel

Accessible Route

Division 2 – Scoping begins with the following premise.

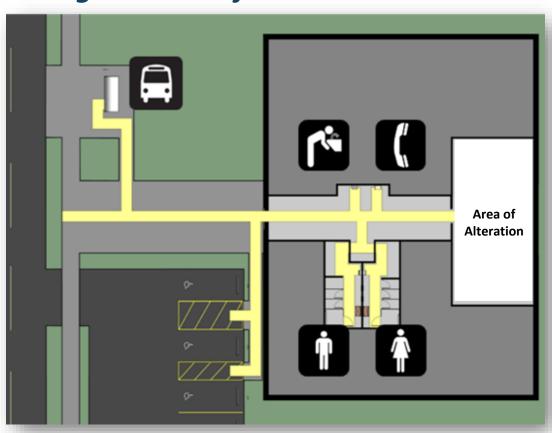
All areas of newly designed and newly constructed buildings and facilities and altered portions of existing buildings and facilities shall comply with these requirements.

- The scoping requirements set forth the number of elements required to be accessible or on an accessible route based on building or facility use.
- The technical sections prescribe how elements are constructed to provide accessibility.

Path of Travel

The primary accessible Path of Travel (POT) includes the following elements *serving the area of alteration*:

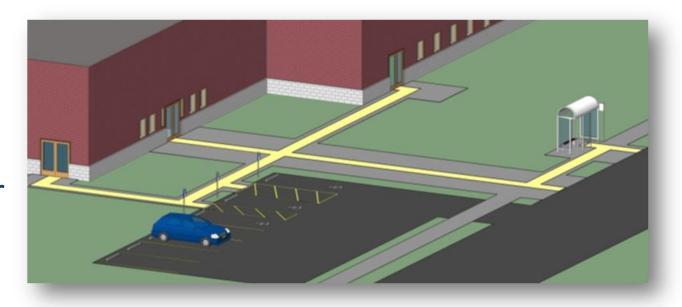
- A primary entrance to the building or facility
- Toilet and bathing facilities
- Drinking fountains
- Public telephones
- Signs (California requirement)

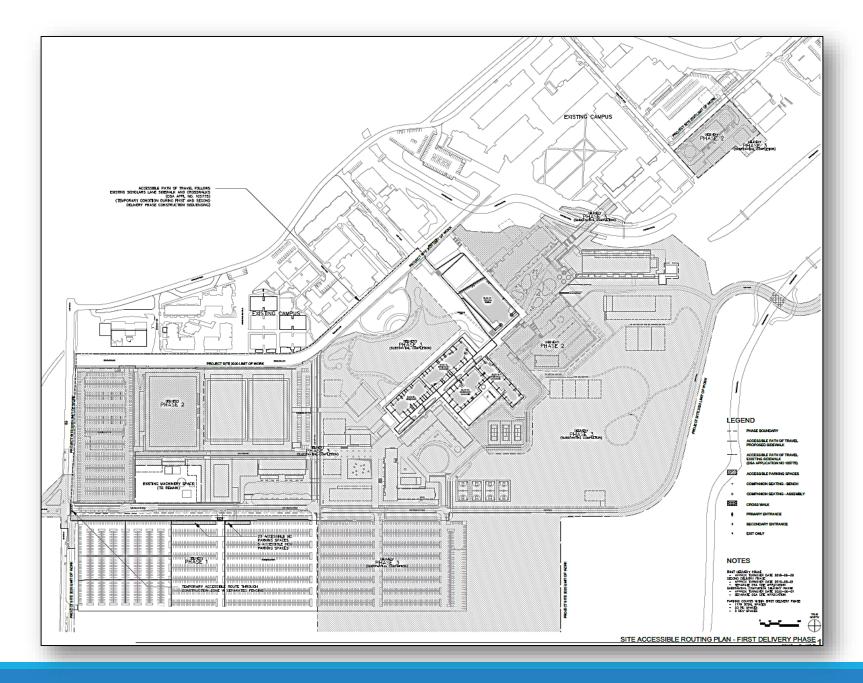


Path of Travel

The primary accessible Path of Travel (POT) includes the following site arrival points and elements **serving the area of alteration**:

- Sidewalks
- Streets
- Parking
- Passenger Loading Zones
- Bus Stops





Sidewalks vs. Walks

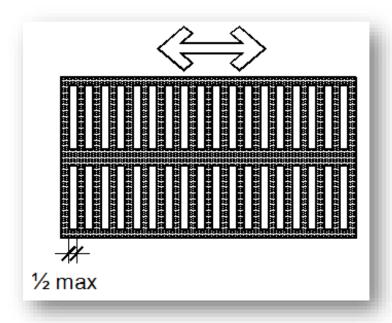
Sidewalks and walks

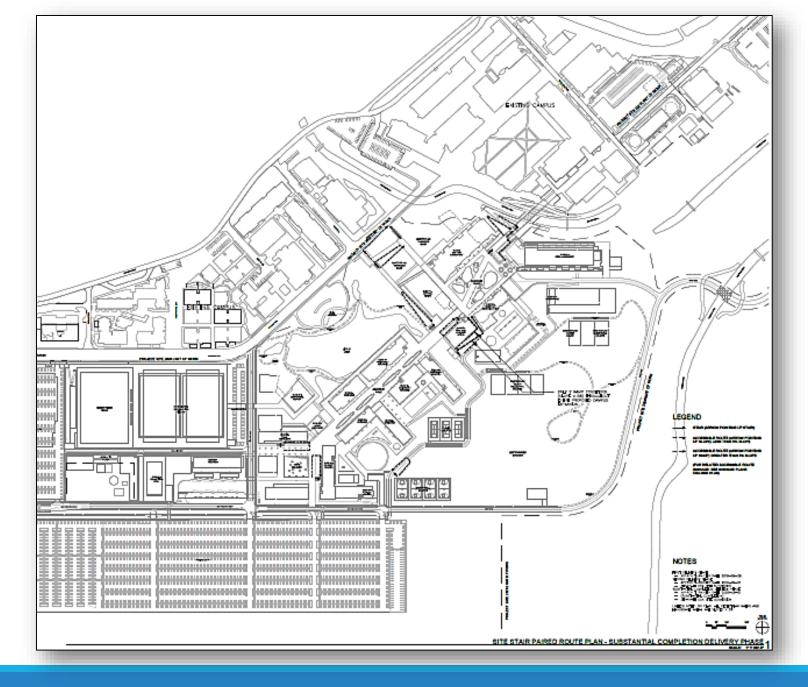
- Sidewalk running slope – not to exceed general grade established for adjacent street or highway
- Walks running slope –1:20 or 5% maximum
- Cross slope 1: 48 or 2.083 % maximum

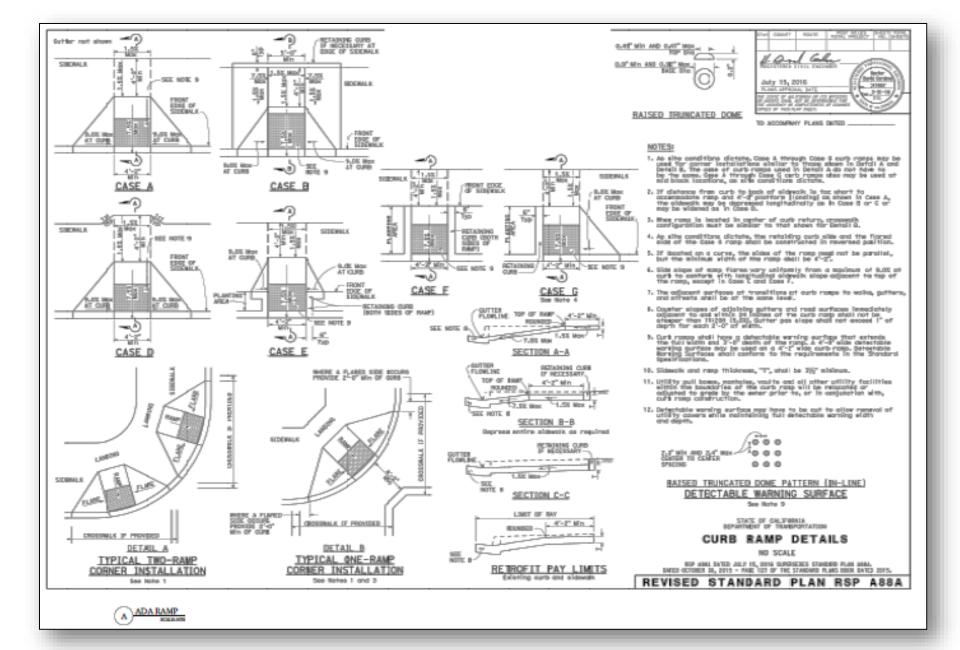


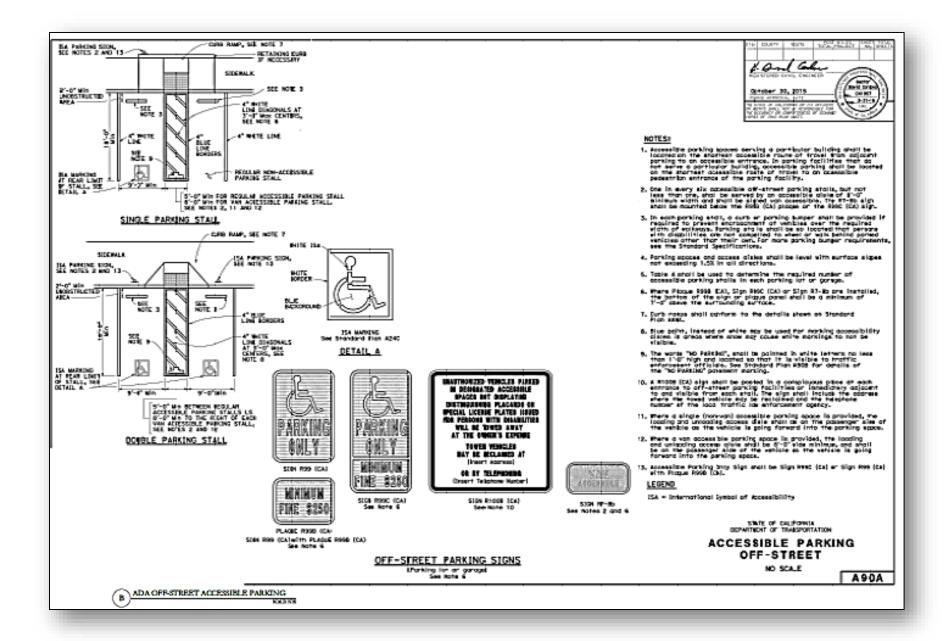
Sidewalks and Walks

- Width 48 inches can be reduced to 36 inches in case of unreasonable hardship
- Elongated openings long dimension perpendicular to the dominant direction of travel

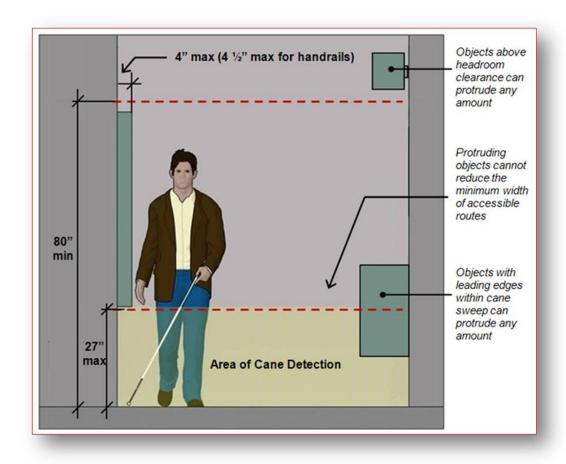




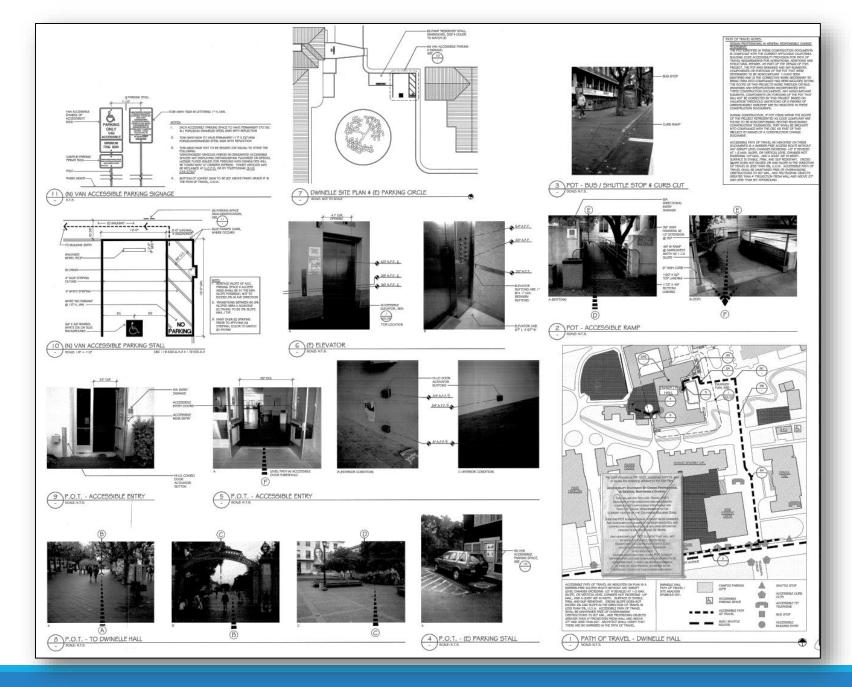


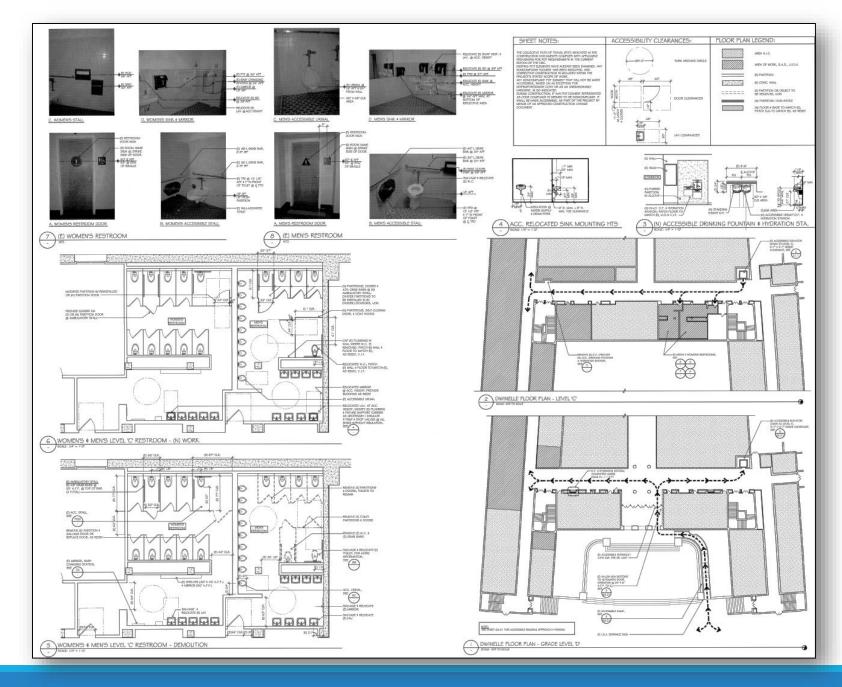


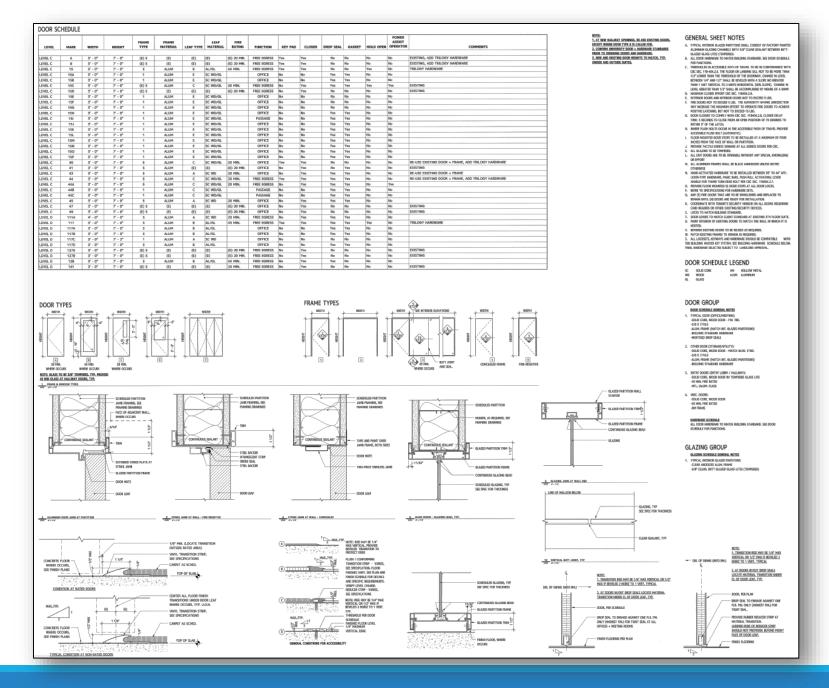
Protruding Objects



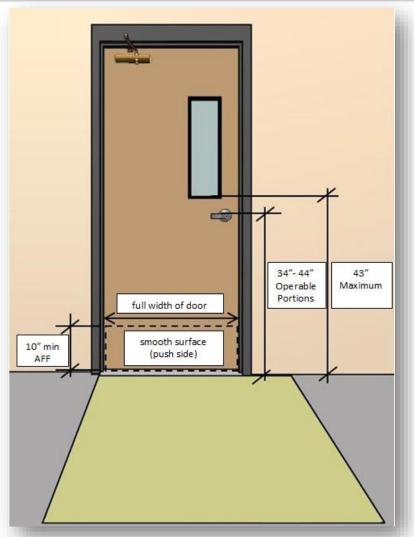






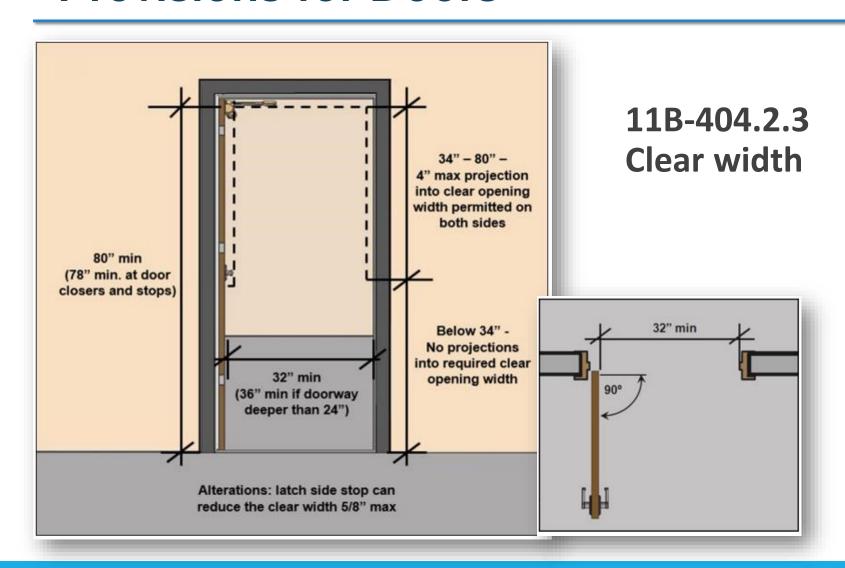


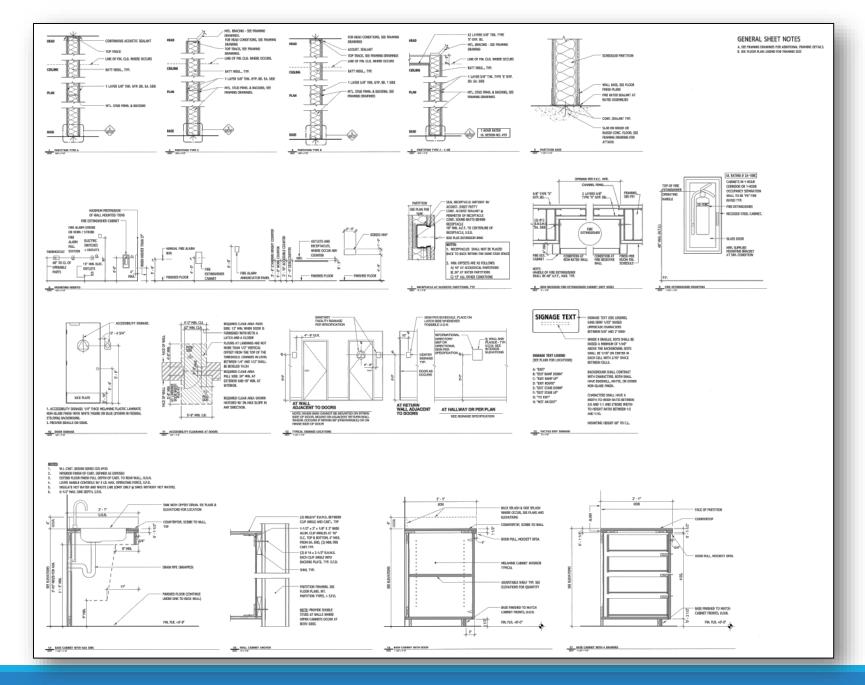
Provisions for Doors



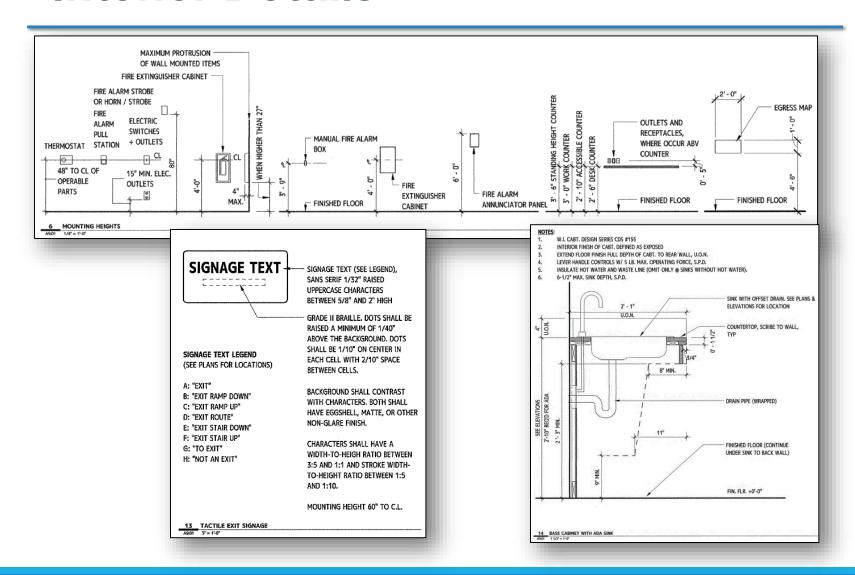
- 11B-404.2.8 Closing speed
- 11B-404.2.11 Vision Lights
- 11B-404.2.10 Door and gate surfaces
- 11B-404.2.9 Opening force
- 11B-404.2.4 Maneuvering clearance

Provisions for Doors

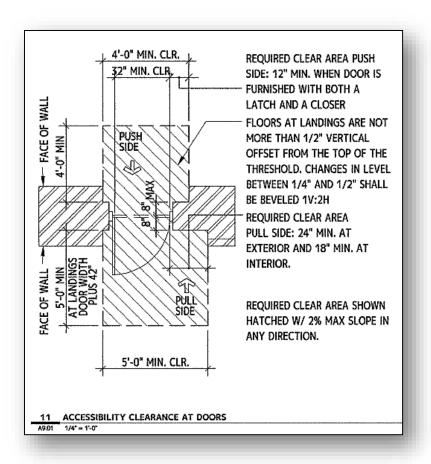


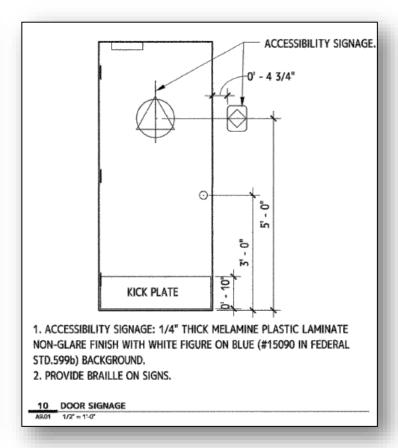


Interior Details



Interior Details





Lunch Time!



Certified Access Specialist Program

Certified Access
Specialist Services
and Examination
Process

Services of a CASp

Services of a CASp

Services rendered by a CASp, upon authorization by a facility owner and/or authorized requesting party, may include the following:

- (a) Review of facility plans and specifications for compliance with state and federal accessibility laws, standards, codes, and regulations.
- (b) Investigate a facility for compliance with state and federal accessibility laws, standards, codes, and regulations.
- (c) Conduct accessibility research, prepare accessibility reports, and/or conduct accessibility inspections, as authorized.
- (d) Issue inspection reports and disability access inspection certificates in accordance with the requirements of Civil Code section 55.53.

Construction-Related Accessibility Standards Compliance Act

"Qualified Defendant"

A defendant in an action that includes a construction-related accessibility claim that is asserted against a *place of public* accommodation that met the requirements of "meets applicable standards" or "inspected by a CASp" prior to the date the defendant was served with the summons and complaint in that action.

Owner is qualified defendant if he/she hired CASp, or if he/she authorizes an agent to hire the CASp

Must be construction-related accessibility claim

Legal benefits not recognized in federal court

Inspection Process

Establishes a grace period of liability for minimum statutory damages for businesses of less than 50 employees over past 3 years



Inspected by a "CASp"

Compliance Path A: Reasonable schedule

Statutory damages reduced from \$4000 to \$1000 if corrected within 60 days of claim

Compliance Path B: 120-day compliance schedule

Grace period from liability for statutory damages for 120 days from date of inspection

Inspection Process – High Frequency Litigant

Hires a
CASp/
has report
&
schedule



Inspection by AHJ 01/08 - 01/16 Until 01/18 Corrects in 60 days CASp
Corrects in
60 days



Receives complaint from highfrequency litigant

Small Business: 25 or fewer employees Annual gross receipts of <\$3,500,000 Corrects violations within 30 days



90 Day Stay
Early Evaluation Conference

"CASp Reports" under CRASCA

A legal document that requires a "determination" of either:



Meets Applicable
Standards



Inspected by a CASp

Professional Standards

Written Agreements

Authorization to perform services shall be by written agreement bearing signature of both contracting parties. The agreement shall state the scope of work, the certification number of the CASp, the expiration date of certification, and shall indicate if the services provided include an inspection report and issuance of a Disability Access Inspection Certificate in accordance with the California Civil Code 55.53 (a)-(d).

Significance of CASp signature in inspection reports

The signature of the CASp on an inspection report or inspection record shall signify that the CASp has been to the subject site as part of the scope of services and can confirm the information stipulated in the inspection report or inspection record. Where a CASp signature is required, it shall be accompanied by the CASp certification number.

Professional Standards

The CASp as a Licensed Design Professional

- Consult with your registration board for the requirements of licensure that extend to services provided by a CASp
- Privileges of licensure may not extend to services provided by a CASp

CASp Services Guidance

Certification is based on knowledge. The extent of the services you provide depends on your expertise and qualifications:

- Understand the difference between a specialist and an expert.
- Certification establishes minimum requirements to be considered and specialist.
- Responsibility to decline services not within your area of expertise.
- Use continuing education as an opportunity to expand your technical expertise.
- Consider ethical practices and provide services within established legal procedures.

CASp Examination

Certified Access Specialist Open Book Exam

- 40 multiple-choice questions; only one answer is correct
- Project type released two months before the examination
- Tests the ability to read and review plans for access code compliance
- Tests to the access compliance provisions of the California Building Code
- Reference Manual provided that includes applicable portions of the California Building Code for access compliance

Open Book Test Categories

Application of California Building Standards Code in the following five categories:

- Scoping and technical accessibility requirements based on project type (May include CBC Chapter 11B and/or Chapter 11A and/or CHBC)
- CBC Chapter 11B Division 2 scoping and Division 3 and 4 technical requirements on building blocks and accessible routes

Open Book Test Categories

- CBC Chapter 11B Division 2 scoping and Division 5, 6, and 7 technical requirements on general site and building elements
- CBC Chapter 11B Division 2 scoping and Division 8, 9, and 10 technical requirements based on special project elements
- Accessibility provisions of CBC Chapter 10 Means of Egress

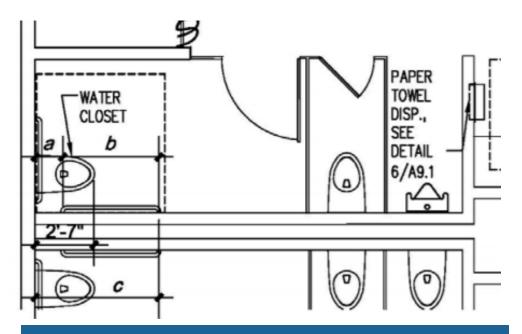
Open Book Examination Study Tips

- Learn how to read plans
- Review all information on the title sheet
- Do not expand interpretations beyond the requirements
- Take your study beyond the code
 - Learning about systems gives depth of understanding (assistive listening, destination elevators, etc.)
 - Learning how accessible elements are used gives depth of understanding (Access Board videos, archived webinars)
- Refer to the KSA's of a CASp in the CASp Examination,
 Certification, and Practice Standards Handbook

Sample Open Book Question

In the illustration, what is the prescribed dimension of "a", prescribed minimum dimension of "b", and actual required minimum dimension of "c", respectively, with regard to the side wall grab bar?

- a. 12" minimum, 42", 54"
- b. 12" maximum, 42", 55"
- c. 12" maximum, 42", 54"
- d. 12" maximum, 42", 60"



11B-604.5.1 Side wall. The side wall grab bar shall be 42 inches (1067 mm) long minimum, located 12 inches (305 mm) maximum from the rear wall and extending 54 inches (1372 mm) minimum from the rear wall with the front end positioned 24 inches (610 mm) minimum in front of the water closet.

Certified Access Specialist Closed Book Exam

- 60 multiple-choice questions; only one answer is correct
- Tests scoping, understanding, and applicability of federal and state codes, standards, laws, guidelines, and regulations
- No references provided
- Refer to the KSA's of a CASp that are provided in the CASp Examination, Certification, and Practice Standards Handbook

Closed Book Test Areas Feedback

- Knowledge of CBC and ADA Accessibility Guidelines: Scoping and General Technical: 24 questions
- Knowledge of State and Federal Regulations and Guidelines for Housing: 12 questions
- Knowledge of Federal Regulations for Accessibility: 8 questions
- CASp Responsibility and California Statutory Requirements for Disability Access: 8 questions
- Identifying Applicable Standards: 8 questions

Closed Book Examination Study Tips

- Understand:
 - scoping and applicability of state and federal regulations
 - how regulations are enforced and authority for enforcement
 - acronyms used for the regulation
 - effective dates for the regulation
- Identify if one or more regulations apply to a question
- Understand how a regulation relates to constructionrelated accessibility, and CASp services

Sample Closed Book Question

A qualified historical building undergoing barrier removal cannot accommodate a ramp with a 1:12 slope to access the main entry. The California Historical Building Code permits a ramp with a slope of 1:10 for a maximum horizontal distance of 5 feet, provided that:

- a. an international symbol of accessibility is posted at the ramp.
- b. signs are posted at the upper and lower levels indicating the steepness of the slope.
- c. directional signs indicating the location of an alternate accessible entrance is provided.
- d. a call button is installed at the bottom of the ramp for individuals requiring assistance.

Sample Closed Book Question

Which federal law prohibits an employer with sixteen employees from discriminating on the basis of disability in regard to job application procedures, hiring, or advancement?

- a. Title I of the ADA
- b. Title II of the ADA
- c. Title III of the ADA.
- d. Title IV of the ADA.



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CASp Resources

Available on the DSA website

Examination, Certification, and Practice Standards
Handbook

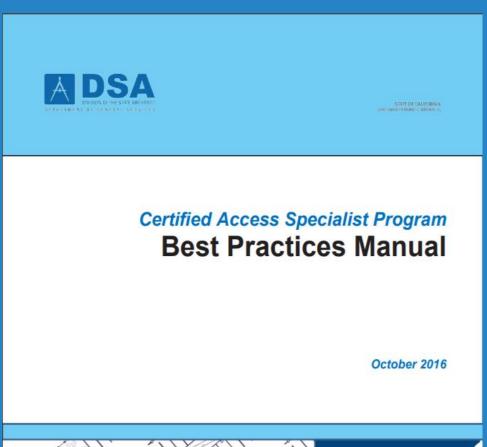
February 2016



CASp Resources

Available on the DSA website

University of California – Access Compliance Training





Technical Guidance

CASp Technical Guidance

debbie.wong@dgs.ca.gov

916-327-5410

CBC Technical Guidance

DSA Technical Assistance Helpline – 916-445-5827

Examination, Certification, and Certification Renewal Questions

CASprogram@dgs.ca.gov

916-323-2737

Time to take a break!



www.ucop.edu/construction-services/programs-and-processes/cpi/index.html

▼ Upcoming events

2017 Accessibility Training ☑

SEPTEMBER 25, 2017 - UC IRVINE |
SEPTEMBER 28, 2017 - OAKLAND
Training will be provided by the
California Division of State Architect
on access regulations in the
California Building Code. The course
will satisfy California State licensure
requirements and provide 5.0 hours
of HSW continuing education units
for your AIA membership.

Schedule of Values: More Valuable Than You Think!

OCTOBER 13, 2017 - WEBINAR

In this webinar, the Gordian Group will share the best tips and tricks in reviewing the Schedule of Values, one of the most important document in the Job Order Contracting process.

Contract Administrators' Leadership Conference ☑

OCTOBER 23-24, 2017 - UC BERKELEY

The goal of this two-day event is to provide contract administration professionals an opportunity to discuss topics of their interests and share best practices.

Housing at a Place of Education

Under Graduate Students, Graduate Students and Faculty

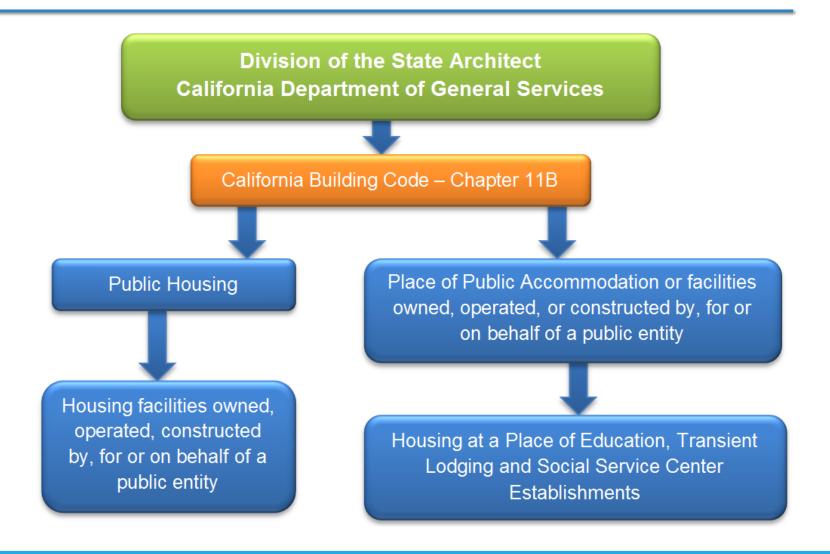
Federal Regulations for Housing at a Place of Education



Federal Regulations for Housing at a Place of Education



State Regulations for Housing at a Place of Education



State Regulations for Housing at a Place of Education



Code **Analysis for Housing at** a Place of **Education** in Chapter **11B**



Code Analysis Process

- Which codes and regulations apply to the project?
- Which definitions and scoping sections are applicable?
- Is the housing for undergraduate students?
- Is the housing for graduate students and faculty?
- Are dormitory rooms or multi-bedroom housing units provided?
- What number are required to be accessible?
- Which technical sections are applicable ?

Place of Public Accommodation – Private Schools, Community Colleges and Universities

A facility operated by a private entity whose operations affect commerce and fall within at least one of the following categories:

A nursery, elementary, secondary, undergraduate, or postgraduate private school, or other place of education.....

Public Housing – Public Schools, Community Colleges and Universities

Housing facilities owned, operated, or constructed by, for or on behalf of a public entity.....

Housing at a place of education owned or operated by a public entity, such as housing on or serving a public school, public college or public university campus.....

Housing at a Place of Education

Housing operated by or on behalf of an elementary, secondary, undergraduate, or postgraduate school, or other place of education, including dormitories, suites, apartments, or other places of residence.

Multi-Bedroom Housing Unit

A housing unit, intended for use by students at a place of education, with a kitchen and/or toilet and bathing rooms within the unit, such as an apartment, or dormitory. Multi-bedroom housing units are separate from one another and from common use spaces within a building.

Follow the Code Path

Start with Scoping Sections

11B-224.7 Housing at a Place of Education

- Undergraduate Student Housing comply with Sections 11B-224.1 through 11B-224.6
- Graduate Students and Faculty Housing leased on year round basis – comply with Section 11B-233



Start with Scoping Sections – Undergraduate Student Housing

11B-224.7.1 Multi-bedroom housing units with mobility features.

Comply with technical Sections 11B-809.2 and 11B-804.

11B-224.7.1 Multi-bedroom housing units with adaptable features.

■ Comply with Section 11B-233.3.1.2.



Start with Scoping Sections – Graduate Student and Faculty Housing

11B-233.3.1.1 Residential dwelling units with mobility features.

11B-233.3.1.2 Residential dwelling units with adaptable features.

■ For technical provisions comply with Chapter 11A,
 Division IV – Dwelling unit features.

Then continue to Technical Sections - Undergraduate Student Housing

Mobility Features

11B-806.2 Guest Rooms with Mobility Features.

11B-603 Toilet and Bathing Rooms.

11B-804 Kitchens, Kitchenettes and Wet Bars.



Then continue to Technical Sections – Graduate Student and Faculty Housing

Mobility Features

11B-809.2 Kitchens.

11B-809.4 Toilet Facilities and Bathing Facilities.

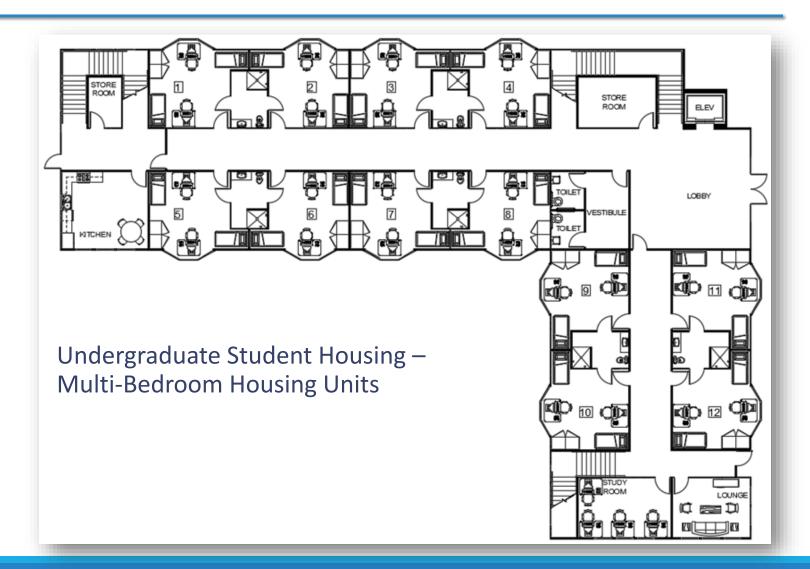
11B-603 Toilet and Bathing Rooms.



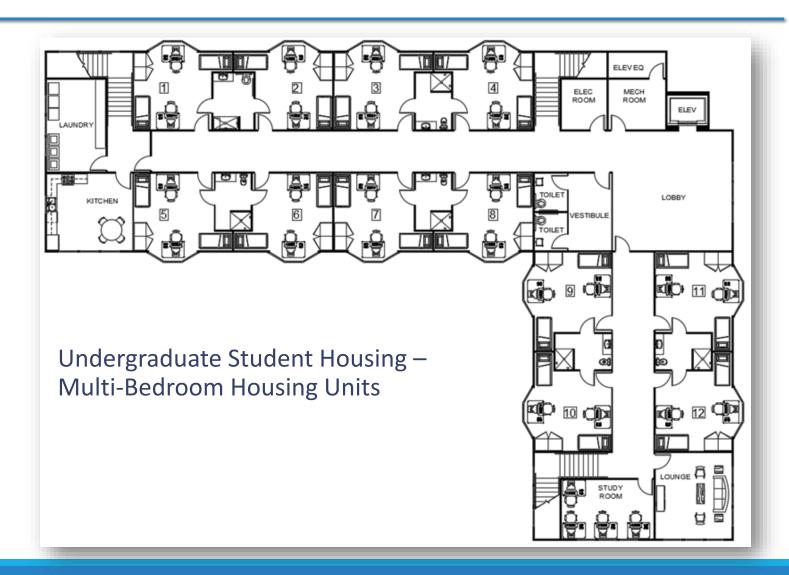


Undergraduate Student Housing

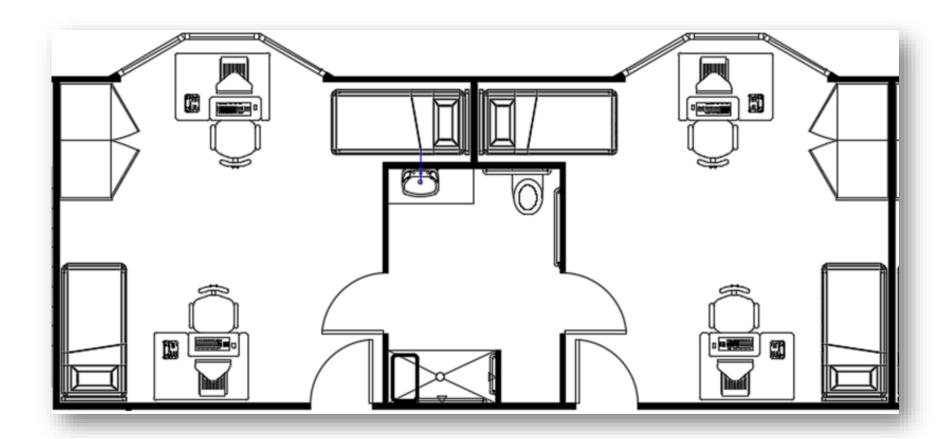
First Floor Plan



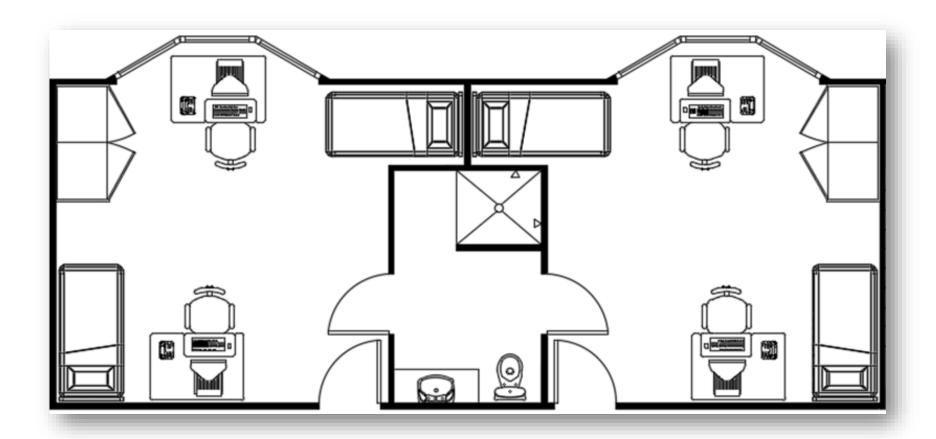
Second Floor Plan



Unit with Mobility Features

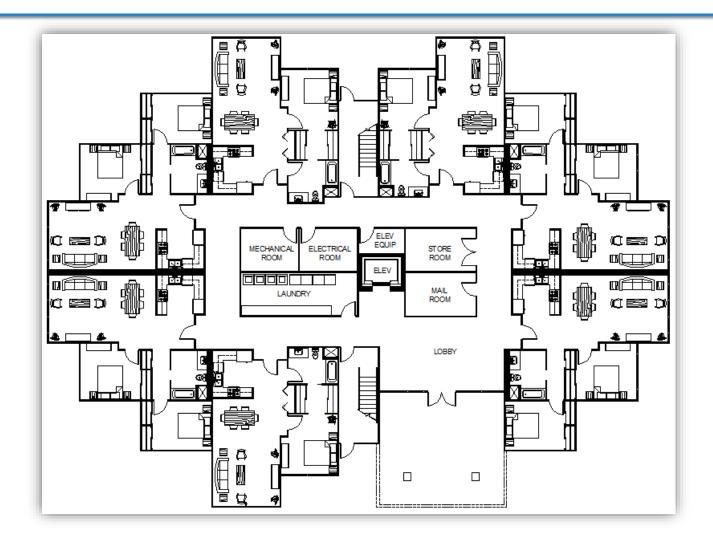


Unit with Adaptable Features

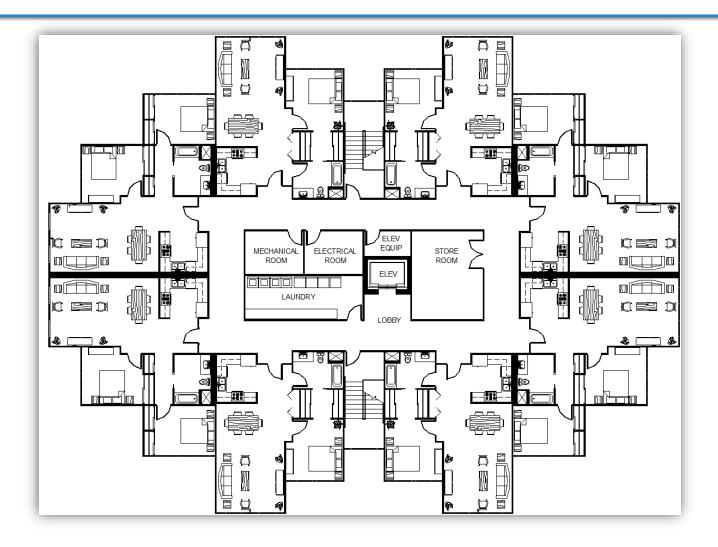


Graduate Student & Faculty Housing

First Floor Plan



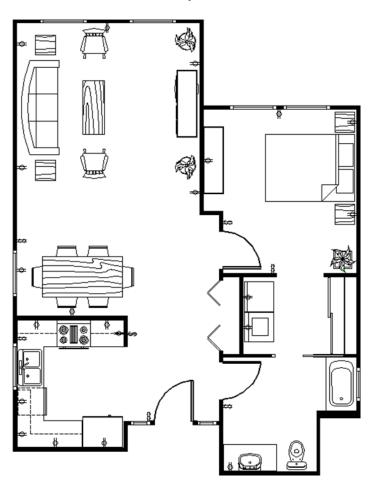
Second Floor Plan

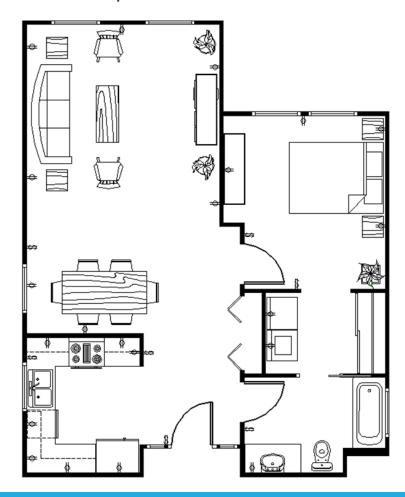


Comparison of Dwelling Units

Unit with Mobility Features -750 SF

Unit with Adaptable Features-740 SF







Questions

Thank You!

Visit DSA's Web page at www.dgs.ca.gov/dsa

Get social with DSA at: www.Facebook.com/CalifDSA www.Twitter.com/CalifDSA